EVALUATOR MANUAL TRANSMITTAL SHEET

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Small Family Homes		
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This section is necessary to clarify conditions under which excep child from a Small Family Home to reside in an Adult Residentia		
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CAROLE JACOBI, Chief Policy Development Bureau Date		
Contact Person: Lynn Anderson Phone Nu	amber: 916-323-3952	

LIC 9025 (7/99)

REGULATION INTERPRETATIONS

AND

PROCEDURES

FOR

SMALL FAMILY HOMES

SMALL FAMILY HOMES

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ARTICLE 2 LICENSING

83010 LIMITATIONS OF CAPACITY AND AMBULATORY STATUS 83010

(b) PROCEDURE

Refer to Section 80001(a)(37), Section 80010, and Section 80020.

ARTICLE 3 APPLICATION PROCEDURES

83017 APPLICANT QUALIFICATIONS

83017

(b)(1) **PROCEDURE**

The licensing agency shall provide applicants with information on foster care liability insurance provisions at time of orientation. The information shall consist of an oral summary of the November 3, 1986, letter on this subject, which was sent to all existing licensed foster family homes and small family homes (See Appendix, Tab F).

Document attendance and completion through sign-in sheets. It may be necessary to take roll call after the orientation.

The licensing agency shall maintain a supply of the November 3, 1986, letter specified above for distribution to each applicant at time of orientation. In addition, the licensing agency shall summarize the information contained in this letter during orientation.

83018 APPLICATION FOR LICENSE

83018

(b) POLICY

A valid health screening report consists of a physical examination and a TB clearance.

PROCEDURE

The Health Screening Report – Facility Personnel (LIC 503) may be used as documentation for physical examination and TB clearance.

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ARTICLE 6 CONTINUING REQUIREMENTS

83061 REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

83061

(d) **PROCEDURE**

See Evaluator Manual Reference Material Section 2-8000 Incident/Death Reports; Section 2-8010 General Statement; Section 2-8100 Accepting/Recording Reports by Telephone, and Section 2-8200 Sample Telephone Incident Report Form and Checklist.

83064 LICENSEE DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

83064

POLICY

The child(ren) must have access to the licensee or another responsible adult(s) when the licensee is absent from the home. No person under the age of 18 shall supervise children in the absence of a responsible adult, unless prior approval of an exception request has been obtained from the licensing agency.

PROCEDURE

Refer to basic services definition in Section 80001(b). The licensee and placement agency/authorized representative shall verify and ensure that non-adult supervision is acceptable. The Exception Request (LIC 971) shall provide the approximate time/day(s) of non-adult supervision for the specific child. The licensing agency shall specify the approved time/day(s) in writing.

83068.1 ADMISSION PROCEDURES

83068.1

(b) POLICY

There is nothing to prohibit granting exceptions to allow a child to reside in an Adult Residential Facility if the conditions (and exclusions) listed below under "Procedure" are observed.

83068.1

Exception requests to allow a child to reside in an Adult Residential Facility are usually generated following an extensive, unsuccessful search for a suitable children's residential facility. Almost all exception requests are for Regional Center children with developmental disabilities, most of whom will live in residential care facilities their entire lives. More specifically, the types of children affected are:

- Children with behavioral problems (ranging from physical aggression to autism). These children are usually boys 16 to 17 years old who are large for their age, physically resemble an adult, and may pose a danger to younger children.
- Dual Regional Center/probation placement children.
- Children recovering from a brain injury.
- Older children who would benefit from transferring several months early into the Adult Residential Facility that they will live in as an adult.

Sometimes alternative care options are desirable when a child is too difficult to handle in a children's residential care facility, or has needs that cannot be met in a children's residential care facility. A child with a behavioral problem or brain injury, for example, may actually be better served in an Adult Residential Facility that specializes in caring for clients with that particular type of problem.

PROCEDURE

The following exclusions and conditions apply to granting an age exception for a child to reside in an Adult Residential Facility:

Exclusions

The following categories of children are not to be considered for age exceptions:

- Foster children. Under Welfare and Institutions Code Section 11402, an Adult Residential Facility is not eligible for federal or state foster care funding.
- Children with special health care needs. Currently, Welfare and Institutions Code Sections 17710 et seq. do not provide for children with special health care needs to be placed in an Adult Residential Facility under any circumstances.
- Children under 13 years of age.

83068.1 ADMISSION PROCEDURES

83068.1

Conditions

The following conditions must be placed on exceptions to allow a child to reside in an Adult Residential Facility:

- Written request for an exception from the licensee. As required in Title 22 Regulations for General Licensing Requirements Section 80024(b)(2), the licensee must submit to the licensing agency a written request for an exception, along with substantiating evidence supporting the request. (Responsibility of the licensee.)
- Fire clearance. If a facility is already licensed and has a fire clearance, a new fire clearance is not required just because a child is being placed in the facility. (Age only becomes an issue when a child is two years of age or younger.) The existing fire clearance would only have to be re-evaluated if a nonambulatory child were being placed in a facility licensed for ambulatory clients only. (Responsibility of the licensing agency and the licensee.)
- Age of children. As a general rule, licensing staff should consider age exceptions only for children 16 years of age or older. Exceptions for younger children—but no younger than 13 years of age—may be considered under extraordinary circumstances only and must be approved by the Program Administrator of the Statewide Adult Care Program Office. (Responsibility of the licensing agency.)
- <u>Documentation from the placement agency</u>. The placement agency (almost always a Regional Center) must provide a letter to the licensee explaining the reasons for recommending placement of the child in a specific Adult Residential Facility (with any backup information attached). The placement agency must also document the support that it intends to provide to the child after placement in the Adult Residential Facility. All of this documentation must be attached to the exception request. (Responsibility of the placement agency and the licensee.)

83068.1

- <u>Compatibility</u>. The issue of the child's compatibility with clients of the Adult Residential Facility must be addressed in both the licensee's written request for an exception and the documentation from the placement agency. Examples of items to consider: Is the child physically the same size as the adults in the Adult Residential Facility? Would the child be physically at risk in the Adult Residential Facility? Does the child have the same behavioral/developmental issues as the adults in the Adult Residential Facility? Does the Adult Residential Facility's program meet the child's needs? Would the child present an unreasonable risk to the other clients? If the Adult Residential Facility has an exception to care for an elderly person, the licensing agency should consider that when assessing compatibility. (Responsibility of the licensee, the placement agency, and the licensing agency.)
- Sharing a Room. If the licensee intends to have the child share a room with an adult, the licensee must obtain a letter from the child's placement agency approving the licensee's plan for the child to share a room with a specific adult. The licensee must also obtain a letter from the adult's placement agency approving the plan. Copies of this documentation must be part of the exception request. If the licensee later wants to have the child share a room with a different adult, the licensee must obtain new letters from the child's and the adult's respective placement agencies verifying that the proposed shared living arrangement is acceptable. (Responsibility of the licensee, the placement agency, and the licensing agency.)
- <u>Care and supervision</u> (Title 22 Regulations for General Licensing Requirements Sections 80078 and 85078). The licensee must ensure that Adult Residential Facility staff have the ability to provide care and supervision appropriate to the type of child(ren) to be served. (Responsibility of the licensee, the placement agency, and the licensing agency.)
- Needs and services plan (Title 22 Regulations for General Licensing Requirements Section 80068.2(a)]. The licensee must complete a needs and services plan for the child. This plan is part of the supportive documentation for the exception request. The needs appraisal or individual program plan prepared by the placement agency may be used as the needs and services plan if it is still accurate and not more than one year old. (Responsibility of the licensee in consultation with the placement agency.)

83068.1

- <u>Discipline policies and procedures</u>. The licensee's plan for dealing with behavioral problems/disciplinary issues must be part of the exception request and the child's needs and services plan. Are the Adult Residential Facility's current policies and procedures appropriate for the child, or do they need to be modified? The licensee must specify how facility staff will interact with the child's placement agency workers should behavioral problems/disciplinary issues arise. (Responsibility of the licensee in consultation with the placement agency.)
- <u>Child Abuse Index Checks</u>. The licensee must ensure that a Child Abuse Central Index review is obtained for all staff or other persons in the Adult Residential Facility subject to fingerprint clearances. For each individual needing a Child Abuse Index Check review, the licensee must send a Child Abuse Central Index Check for State-Licensed Facilities form (LIC 198A [3/99]) directly to the California Department of Justice. The LIC 198As must be submitted to the Department of Justice before the Adult Residential Facility begins caring for the child; however, the actual Child Abuse Index Checks reviews conducted by the Department of Justice do not have to be completed before the child enters the facility. (*Responsibility of the licensee*.)
- <u>Child abuse reporting</u>. As required by Penal Code Section 11165.7(a)(8), the licensee must ensure that Adult Residential Facility staff understand their role as mandated child abuse reporters under Penal Code Section 11166. See Section 4-0010 of the Evaluator Manual Reference Material (Mandatory Reporting of Child Abuse). (Responsibility of the licensee, with assistance from the licensing agency as needed.)
- Training. Licensing staff should evaluate the need for additional training for Adult Residential Facility staff on a case-by-case basis. No additional training may be necessary. Training that Adult Residential Facility staff have already received on developmental disabilities, brain injuries, or other behavioral issues may be sufficient because of its relevance regardless of the age of the client. (Responsibility of the licensing agency in consultation with the placement agency and the licensee.)

83068.1

• Overall stipulation. Licensing staff must attach the following stipulation to all age exceptions:

This exception may be withdrawn at any time if the Department determines that any of the following have occurred:

- 1) the licensee is unable to provide care and supervision to the child; OR
- 2) the child has become incompatible with the other clients; OR
- 3) the placement is otherwise no longer appropriate; OR
- 4) the licensee is not in substantial compliance with licensing laws and regulations.

(Responsibility of the licensing agency.)

83068.3 MODIFICATIONS TO NEEDS AND SERVICES PLAN

83068.3

(b)(1)(A) **PROCEDURE**

Refer to Title 22 Regulation for Small Family Homes Section 83068.2, Needs and Services Plan.

(c)(1) **POLICY**

The Appraisal/Needs and Services Plan (LIC 625) may be used by the licensee.

PROCEDURE

Review documents/records of licensee for compliance with this section and Title 22 Regulations for Small Family Homes, Section 83068.1(c) and (d).

83070 CHILDREN'S RECORDS

83070

(b)(3) **POLICY**

Effective January 1, 1993, Health and Safety Code Section 1567.3 requires that prior to the out-of-county placement of a child adjudged to be a ward of the court, pursuant to Welfare & Institutions Code Section 602, the county probation officer or California Youth Authority parole officer from the ward's county of residence must notify, in writing, the county probation officer receiving the placement.

83070 CHILDREN'S RECORDS (Continued)

83070

PROCEDURE

- 1. For the purpose of this policy, the county of residence means the county where the child is from, also referred to as the "sending" county.
- 2. For the purpose of this policy, the county receiving the placement means the county where the facility is located, also referred to as the "placement" county.
- 3. When an out-of-county child adjuged a ward of the court, as defined in Welfare & Institutions Code Section 602, is placed in a community care facility, the licensee shall ask the ward's county of residence probation officer or parole officer if he or she provided the county of placement written notice of placement.
- 4. At the time of placement, the licensee must obtain the following information from the county probation officer or parole officer, to be documented in the client's record:
 - a. If the ward's county of residence probation officer or parole officer sent written notice of placement to the local probation officer.
 - b. If the probation or parole officer's response is "yes", the licensee shall document the name and telephone number of the ward's county of residence probation officer or parole officer and the name and telephone number of the local probation officer.
 - c. If the probation or parole officer's response is "no", the licensee shall document the response and the name and telephone number of the ward's placing probation officer or parole officer.

(b)(5) POLICY

Health and Safety Code Section 1530.6 allows a licensee, but not a certified family parent, to give legal consent for ordinary medical and dental treatment for a child placed with that licensee. For extraordinary medical and dental treatment, only the placement agency/authorized representative has authority regarding the care of a placed child. In some cases, the child's biological parent may continue to have authority regarding the care of the placed child, i.e., the biological parent is the authorized representative. If there are any questions about the licensed or certified parent's authorization to assist a placed child with medications, the licensee must contact the placement agency/authorized representative. In the case of a certified family parent encountering a question about medications, that certified parent must contact the associated Foster Family Agency. That agency will in turn contact the appropriate placement agency/authorized representative.

83070 CHILDREN'S RECORDS (Continued)

83070

(c) PROCEDURE

Review the LIC 625, Identification and Emergency Information (LIC 601), Consent for Medical Treatment (LIC 627), and other child's records for compliance.

83072 PERSONAL RIGHTS

83072

(b)(1)(C) POLICY

House rules can be established regarding visitation hours, sign in rules, visiting rooms, etc., but must apply to all visitors.

(b)(6) **PROCEDURE**

Review appropriate documentation for restrictions placed by court order or authorized representatives. Verbal agreements are not acceptable. Determine that a Personal Rights (LIC 613) has been completed appropriately.

(b)(6)(B) POLICY

The number of calls permitted the child should not be limited unless the licensee has documentation to verify excessive use by the child.

(b)(6)(C) POLICY

Licensees shall provide a telephone, on the premises, for client use. Pay telephones meet regulation subsection (6) if they are accessible. In order for pay telephones to be considered accessible, the facility must provide clients with appropriate change to make local calls. This means the licensee is required to pay for local calls.

PROCEDURE

See Regulations Interpretations and Procedures for General Licensing Requirements Section 80073.

83075 HEALTH RELATED SERVICES

83075

(c)(1) **POLICY**

This regulation does not prohibit licensee from simultaneously notifying child's authorized representative and taking appropriate action.

83075 HEALTH RELATED SERVICES (Continued)

83075

PROCEDURE

See Regulations Interpretations and Procedures for Small Family Homes Section 83070 for medical consent information.

(d)(1) **POLICY**

The following policy applies to the requirement for written instructions from a physician for a child's PRN medications:

- 1. The physician's business stationery may substitute for the required prescription blank for prescription and over-the-counter medications.
- 2. A licensee may obtain faxed instructions from the child's physician when there are no written physician instructions on file. The fax must be of the physician's business stationery or prescription blank.
- 3. A licensee may obtain written instructions from the child's treating physician for a nonprescription medication before a child shows a need for such medication.

Medications may be crushed to enhance swallowing or taste, if the needs and services plan includes approval from the child's authorized representative, physician's instructions and physician's/pharmacist's instructions.

Health and Safety Code Section 1530.6 permits a licensee to give legal consent for ordinary medical and dental treatment for a child placed with that licensee. For extraordinary medical and dental treatment, only the placement agency/authorized representative has authority regarding the care of a placed child. In some cases, the child's biological parent may continue to have authority regarding the care of the placed child, i.e., the biological parent is the authorized representative. If there are any questions about the license's authorization to assist a placed child with medications, the licensee must contact the placement agency/authorized representative.

In the case of a certified family parent encountering a question about medications, that certified parent must contact the associated Foster Family Agency. That agency will in turn contact the appropriate placement agency/authorized representative.

PROCEDURE

Review the child's file to ensure that the physician's written instructions are on the physician's prescription blank, physician's business stationery or fax of those forms and that the instructions contain the following information:

83075 HEALTH RELATED SERVICES (Continued)

83075

- 1. All the documentation required by Regulations Interpretations and Procedures for General Licensing Requirements Sections 80075(c)(1) and (e).
- 2. The physician's signature and date.
- 3. Specific direction on how and when to take this medication in conjunction with other medications the child is taking.

If the child's medication(s) is being crushed, review the child's file for the following written documentation:

- 1. There is written consent from the child's authorized representative. This approval may be contained in the child's needs and services plan.
- 2. There is a written order from the child's treating physician to crush the prescription or over-the-counter medications. The order must include the following:
 - a. The dosage amount.
 - b. The timeframe for giving the medication, i.e., when and how often.
- 3. Documentation of the licensee's consultation with a pharmacist or treating physician, provided orally or in writing, that includes the following:
 - a. The name of the pharmacist/treating physician, the name of the business, and the date of the conversation.
 - b. The pharmacist's/physician's statement that the medication can be safely crushed without losing effectiveness.
 - c. Identification of foods and liquids that can be mixed with the medication.
 - d. Instructions for crushing and mixing the medication.

ARTICLE 7 PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT

83087 BUILDING AND GROUNDS

83087

(b)(1) **POLICY**

Two to a room is the expected standard in order to provide children in placement some degree of normalization and privacy in their living environment. Such privacy and normalization is achieved to a greater degree in a "family home" setting, versus a group home environment. Only in rare circumstances will a waiver be granted to foster family homes, small family homes or any facility serving the developmentally disabled. For these facility and client types, the exception process should be sued.

In all cases, the bedroom must be large enough to afford each child with adequate space, so that required (by regulation) bedroom furnishings can be placed in the room without crowding.

When an exception or waiver is requested, the following guidelines should be followed:

A. <u>Exception</u>

When an applicant/licensee requests an exception to allow specifically identified children to share a bedroom, the individual's plan must state the advantage(s) of the arrangement for each child being added to the living unit, (e.g., keeping the children of one family together). The plan must also include, at minimum, documentation that no adverse consequences to the <u>other</u> children already in the living unit are foreseen as a result of the placement.

Supporting documentation from the placement agencies or authorized representatives of the individual clients must concur with the request and include:

- 1. Identification of the client to whom it applies; and the signature, title, date, agency and address of the person(s) submitting documentation for each child.
- 2. Identification of any special needs or characteristics of the client which support the exception request.
- 3. Documentation regarding the lack of anticipated adverse consequences to the client.

83087 BUILDING AND GROUNDS (Continued)

83087

(b)(1) **POLICY** (Continued)

B. Waiver

Waivers are permissible. Waivers granted to this regulation shall be reviewed at time of renewal; however, the waiver shall remain in effect as long as the factors upon which the original waiver was granted remain unchanged and no increase of incidents attributed to more than two-to-a-room are reported.

The decision to place a child in a particular facility should be based on a determination that a particular facility can meet the child's needs. The licensee is responsible for ensuring that any involved placement agency is advised of the living arrangements and the existence of a facility-wide waiver. The placement worker is responsible for determining the type of environment and program a particular child requires.

To be considered for a waiver of the two-to-a-room standard, the placements must be short term. That is, the length to stay at the facility is 18 months or less and is not meant as a permanent placement. Such short-term placements include, but are not limited to, Emergency Shelters, Assessment Programs, Limited Term Treatment Programs and Emancipation Programs. (**NOTE:** As Emergency Shelters are very short term, normally no more than 30 days, such facilities do not have to document a treatment advantage to qualify for a waiver of the two-to-a-room requirements.)

There must be justification that such a room arrangement is consistent with the treatment program philosophy by the facility including a specific explanation of the program of treatment.

Treatment advantages may include:

- a. Facilities that use group interaction as the primary method of treatment. That is, daily group counseling and a philosophy of group participation and interaction in decision and/or consequential actions of the group members.
- b. Facilities in which the group living arrangements is offered to children who have been abused, thus providing a feeling of security (more common in facilities serving younger children).
- c. Facilities where more safety is needed in staff overseeing and preventing the acting out behavior of children in care (runaway, firesetters, sexually acting out, etc.).

83087 BUILDING AND GROUNDS (Continued)

83087

(b)(1) **POLICY** (Continued)

In addition, particular consideration should be given to the following for any facility requesting such a waiver:

- 1. The sleeping area must be large enough to afford each child with area for storage of personal articles and clothing adjacent to their individual beds. The room must also allow for easy access throughout the room and between beds and personal storage areas.
- 2. The specific client group in care and their need for privacy. For example, infants' need for privacy is not as great as other client groups. All infants, however, must be given the opportunity to nap/sleep without distraction or disturbance from other activities. This is best achieved by grouping children of similar ages and developmental stages together for purposes of sleeping and activities. Additionally, placement of the cribs within the sleeping area must provide sufficient space between cribs to prevent crowding.
- 3. Availability of other areas in the facility to accommodate any need for privacy for personal hygiene and study.

NOTE:

Regulations effective August 2, 1975, implemented the two-to-a-room standard. At that time, some facilities were allowed to continue serving more than two-to-a-room. These facilities will maintain such exception status. Documentation should have been placed in the file at that time stating that the facility is exempt. In those cases where no such documentation exists, Regional Office staff should ensure that a document is filed stating that the facility is exempt from the waiver/exception criteria and the reason for the exception.

PROCEDURES

The licensing agency shall review individual requests for waivers and/or exceptions upon receipt of justification including at least:

- 1. A floor plan or sketch of the room area, including room dimensions and specification of the furniture in the room.
- 2. Names of residents to be housed and statements from the placement workers or authorized representatives that the background and behavior characteristics of their child have been reviewed and supports the commingling of their client with the others in the bedroom. (Required for Exceptions only.)

83087 BUILDING AND GROUNDS (Continued)

83087

PROCEDURES (Continued)

- 3. The duration of the waiver/exception shall be for the term of the license or for a shorter period at the request of the applicant/licensee or as deemed necessary by the licensing agency to ensure adequate and safe provision of service.
- 4. Incident reports as required by Regulations Interpretations for General Licensing Requirements Section 80061 shall be reviewed initially and on an ongoing basis.
- 5. Any room to be used to house more than two persons must have an appropriate fire clearance to ensure that there is sufficient space and exits to the outside of the facility to accommodate the children. For new facilities, this can be done at the time of initial licensure. For existing facilities a new fire clearance must be requested. (Not required for facilities licensed as foster family homes.)
- 6. Documentation from the placement worker must be in the child's record at the facility in those cases where the child will be in a living unit of more than two. The documentation must contain acknowledgement by the placement worker of the living arrangement and a statement that such an arrangement is appropriate to meet the needs of the child, and this is acknowledged as a short-term placement, and that it is not expected that the placement will exceed 18 months.

(b)(5) POLICY

Bedroom requirements apply to all family members including guardianship children.

PROCEDURE

During the site visit document on the Licensing Report (LIC 809) and Analysis of Client Accommodations (LIC 709), the number of bedrooms and who occupies each room. Describe the use of each room in the home.

83087.2 OUTDOOR ACTIVITY SPACE

83087.2

(a)(4) POLICY

Fencing used to make a hazard inaccessible from an activity space may obscure the hazard from view. However, Section 8087(F)(1) of the General Licensing Regulations requires that if the hazard is a pool, including swimming pools, fixed-in-place wading pools, hot tubs, spas, fishponds or similar bodies of water, the fence shall be constructed so that it does NOT obscure the pool from view.